

UNRESECTABLE HEPATOCELLULAR CARCINOMA (uHCC)

HEPATOCELLULAR CARCINOMA (HCC) IS THE MOST COMMON TYPE OF LIVER CANCER

HCC often goes unnoticed until it reaches advanced stages.1



Since 1980, HCC incidence has more than tripled, and in 2024, it is estimated that 41,630 people will be diagnosed with liver cancer in the United States.²



HCC accounts for more than 90% of all liver cancer cases.³ In 2024, it is estimated that liver cancer will rank as the sixth leading cause of cancer-related deaths in the United States.²



The risk of developing liver cancer is increased in people who have cirrhosis, which is scarring of the liver caused by long-term liver damage.⁴



Other chronic conditions such as hepatitis B and C (HBV and HCV) can also contribute to a higher prevalence of HCC.⁵

WHAT IS uHCC?

Unresectable HCC cannot be removed with surgery. An inability to remove with surgery can be due to a number of factors, such as:

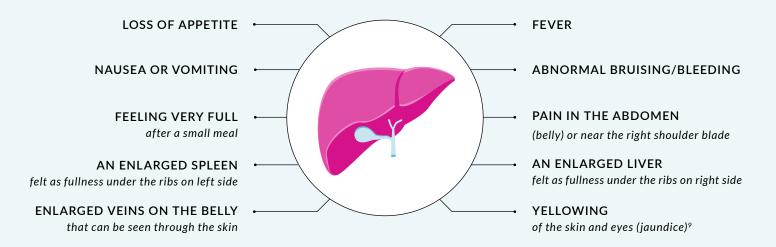
- The tumor is too large to be removed safely
- The tumor is located in an area of the liver that makes it hard to remove
- There are several tumors or the cancer has spread throughout the liver
- The person isn't healthy enough for surgery 6

The 5-year relative survival rate when HCC is detected early is 37%.⁷ For metastatic HCC, where the cancer has spread to other parts of the body, the 5-year survival rate drops to 4%.⁷



SYMPTOMS OF HCC

Early-stage HCC may not always show clear signs. That's why it's crucial to be aware of possible symptoms for early detection. Some signs and symptoms of HCC can include:



These are not all the symptoms of HCC, and they could be caused by other conditions.

It is important to talk to your doctor about any concerning symptoms as soon as they arise.

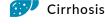
RISK FACTORS FOR HCC



Chronic infection with HBV or HCV



Excessive alcohol consumption







Nonalcoholic fatty liver disease



People assigned male sex at birth¹⁰

More information about Eisai and our commitment to the cancer community can be found here or by scanning the QR code.





1. Hepatocellular Carcinoma (HCC). Cleveland Clinic. Available at: https://my.clevelandclinic.org/health/diseases/21709-hepatocellular-carcinoma-hcc 2. Cancer Facts & Figures 2024. American Cancer Society. Available at: https://www.cancer.org/content/dam/cancer-org/research/cancer-facts-and-statistics/annual-cancer-facts-and-figures/2024/204-cancer-facts-and-figures-acs.pdf 3. Asafo-Agyei KO, Samant H. Hepatocellular Carcinoma. StatPearls. 2023. Available at: https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/books/NBK559174. Liver Cancer Causes, Risk Factors, and Prevention. National Cancer Institute. 2023. Available at: https://www.cancer.gov/types/liver/what-is-liver-cancer/causes-risk-factors 5. Liver Cancer Causes, Risk Factors, and Prevention. Nation Cancer Institute. 2023. Available at: https://www.cancer.gov/types/liver/what-is-liver-cancer/causes-risk-factors 6. Treatment of Liver Cancer, by Stage. American Cancer Society. 2021. Available at: https://www.cancer.org/cancer/types/liver-cancer/caletetion-diagnosis-staging/survival-rates.html 8. Chronic Liver Disease and Asian Americans. U.S. Department of Health and Human Services Office of Minority Health. 2021. Available at: https://minorityhealth.hhs.gov/chronic-liver-disease-and-asian-americans 9. Signs and Symptoms of Liver Cancer. American Cancer Society. 2019. Available at: https://www.cancer.org/cancer/types/liver-cancer/detection-diagnosis-staging/signs-symptoms.html 10. Liver Cancer Risk Factors. American Cancer Society. 2019. Available at: https://www.cancer.org/cancer/types/liver-cancer/causes-risk-prevention/risk-factors.html